

# **Safety Data Sheet**

### Titebond PROvantage Heavy Duty Construction Adhesive

## Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Titebond PROvantage Heavy Duty Construction Adhesive
Physical state	: Liquid.
Address	<ul> <li>Franklin International</li> <li>2020 Bruck Street</li> <li>Columbus OH 43207</li> </ul>
Contact person	: Franklin Technical Services
Telephone	: (800) 877-4583
In case of emergency	: Franklin Security (614) 445-1300
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: SDS@FranklinInternational.com
Reference number	: 3707
Product code	: 5251
Date of revision	: 8/21/2018
Safety Data Sheets are available online at	: www.FranklinInternational.com
Chemtrec (24 Hour)	: (800) 424 - 9300
Chemtrec International	: (703) 527 - 3887
Chemical family	: Adhesive.
Deleveret identified were of t	

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable.

## Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	<ul> <li>This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).</li> </ul>
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY (inhalation) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3</li> </ul>
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture		
Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Low VOC Premix methyl acetate n-hexane	≥50 - ≤75 ≤10 ≤3	- 79-20-9 110-54-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact :	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation :	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Section 4. First ai	d measures	
Skin contact	: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.	
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	
Most important symptoms/e		
Potential acute health effe		
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.	
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.	
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.	
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>otoms</u>	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up	
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.	
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.	

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	L	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store between the following temperatures: -17 to 40°C (1.4 to 104°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## **Control parameters**

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
Low VOC Premix methyl acetate	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 606 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 757 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 610 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 760 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 610 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. TWA: 610 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 760 mg/	
n-hexane	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 180 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours.	

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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	TWA: 180 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.	
Skin protection		
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.	
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>	
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.	
Section 0 Dhysical	and chamical properties	

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid. [Paste.]
Color	: Brown. [Light]
Odor	: Solvent(s)
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: 54.44°C (130°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: -18°C (-0.4°F)
Evaporation rate	: >1 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.
VOC (less water, less exempt solvents)	: 44 g/l
Volatility	: 37.28% (w/w)
Relative density	: 1.2469
Solubility	: Very slightly soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Auto-ignition temperature	: 252°C (485.6°F)

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	<ul> <li>Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials</li> </ul>
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

## Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
methyl acetate	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral		>5 g/kg >5 g/kg	-
n-hexane	LC50 Inhalation Gas. LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit		4 hours - -

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
methyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
n-hexane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
Conclusion/Summary			·		-
Skin	: Prolonged or repeated condermatitis.	ontact can defa	t the skin and	l lead to irritation, o	cracking and/or
Eyes	: This product may irritate	eyes upon con	tact.		
Respiratory	: High vapor concentration and may lead to unconso		eadaches, diz	zziness, drowsines	s and nausea
Date of issue/Date of revision :	8/21/2018			Version	<b>1</b> :1.1

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Titebond PROvantage Heavy Duty Construction Adhesive	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
Low VOC Premix	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
methyl acetate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
n-hexane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
n-hexane	Category 1		peripheral nervous system

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Name		Result
n-hexane		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.	I
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye	irritation.
Inhalation		nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness on se respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin	<ol> <li>May cause skin dryness and irritation.</li> </ol>
Ingestion	: Can cause central n	nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to the p	hysical, chemical and to	xicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms pain or irritation watering redness	may include the following:

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation dryness cracking
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effect	ts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
General	<ul> <li>Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.</li> </ul>
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Numerical measures of toxic	<u>ity</u>
Acute toxicity estimates	
Not available.	

# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
methyl acetate n-hexane	Acute LC50 320000 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 0.89 mg/l Acute EC50 3.9 mg/l Acute LC50 2500 µg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 4.9 mg/l Chronic NOEC 2.8 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas Algae Crustaceans Fish - Pimephales promelas Crustaceans Fish - rainbow trout	96 hours 96 hours 48 hours 96 hours 21 days 28 days

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
n-hexane	-	-	Readily

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

# Section 12. Ecological information

	<u> </u>		
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
methyl acetate n-hexane	0.18 4	- 501.187	low high
Mahility in sail	<u>.</u>	·	·

Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Other adverse effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN1133	1133	1133	1133	1133	1133
ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid	ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid	ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid	ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid	ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid	ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid
$\diamond$	$\diamond$	$\diamond$	3	3	3
Ш	Ш	Ш	111	Ш	111
No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
ation	1	l		•	
DOT Classification : <u>Remarks</u> Limited quantity					
Go	oods Regulations:	2.18-2.19 (Class		Fransportation of	Dangerous
	Classification UN1133 ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid III No. III No. <b>ation</b> on : Re on : Pr Go	Classification       Classification         UN1133       1133         ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid       ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid         III       III         No.       No.         ation on       :         Remarks Limited quadrations:       Product classified a Goods Regulations:	Classification       Classification       Classification         UN1133       1133       1133         ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid       ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid       ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid         III       III       III       III         No.       No.       No.         ation       :       Remarks Limited quantity Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class	Classification       Classification       Classification         UN1133       1133       1133       1133         ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid         III       III       III       III       III       III       III         No.       No.       No.       No.       No.       No.         Image: Construct of the state of th	Classification       Classification       Classification         UN1133       1133       1133       1133       1133         ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid       ADH

ADR/RID : <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E) <u>Remarks</u> Limited quantity IMDG : <u>Remarks</u> Limited quantity

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/21/2018

## Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

### **U.S. Federal regulations**

### SARA 302/304

### **Composition/information on ingredients**

				SARA 3	02 TPQ	SARA 30	04 RQ
Name		%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
vinyl acetate		≤0.3	Yes.	1000	129	5000	644.8
SARA 304 RQ	: 2145669.	5 lbs / 974134 kg	[206383	gal / 7812	244.7 L]		•
<u>SARA 311/312</u>							
Classification	EYE IRRI CARCINO SPECIFIO irritation) SPECIFIO Category	BLE LIQUIDS - C TATION - Catego DGENICITY (inha C TARGET ORG - Category 3 C TARGET ORG 3 Defatting irritant	ory 2A Ilation) - ( AN TOXI	Category 2 CITY (SIN	IGLE EXPOSUR	,	5

### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
Low VOC Premix	≥50 - ≤75	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 HNOC - Defatting irritant
methyl acetate	≤10	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
n-hexane	≤3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)(Narcotic effects) - Category 3SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED

# Section 15. Regulatory information

EXPOSURE) (peripheral nervous system) (inhalation) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
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### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	n-hexane	110-54-3	≤3
	vinyl acetate	108-05-4	≤0.3
Supplier notification	n-hexane	110-54-3	≤3
	vinyl acetate	108-05-4	≤0.3

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### **State regulations**

Massachusetts	The following components are listed: METHYL ACETATE; HEXANE; N-	HEXANE
New York	The following components are listed: Hexane; Vinyl acetate	
New Jersey	The following components are listed: METHYL ACETATE; ACETIC ACI ESTER; n-HEXANE; HEXANE; VINYL ACETATE; ACETIC ACID ETHE	
Pennsylvania	The following components are listed: ACETIC ACID, METHYL ESTER; ACETIC ACID ETHENYL ESTER	HEXANE;

### California Prop. 65

MARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including n-Hexane, which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

•	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
n-Hexane	-	-

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

### Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

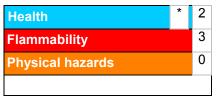
## **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

Inventory list	
China	: Not determined.
United States TSCA 8(b) inventory	: All components are listed or exempted.

# Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification
irritation) - Category 3	y ŽA	Expert judgment Expert judgment Expert judgment Expert judgment Expert judgment
<u>History</u>		
Date of printing	: 8/21/2018	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 8/21/2018	
Date of previous issue : 8/21/2018		
Version : 1.1		
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973</li> </ul>	

Version : 1.1 13/14

## Section 16. Other information

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations

#### References

: Not available. Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.